

Clinical Policy: Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir (Epclusa)

Reference Number: HIM.PA.SP1

Effective Date: 08.16 Last Review Date: 08.25 Line of Business: HIM*

Revision Log

See <u>Important Reminder</u> at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Description

Sofosbuvir/velpatasvir (Epclusa®) is a combination of sofosbuvir, a hepatitis C virus (HCV) nucleotide analog NS5B polymerase inhibitor, and velpatasvir, an HCV NS5A inhibitor.

FDA Approved Indication(s)

Epclusa is indicated for the treatment of adult and pediatric patients 3 years of age and older with chronic HCV genotype 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 infection:

- Without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis
- With decompensated cirrhosis for use in combination with ribavirin (RBV)

Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation[®] that sofosbuvir/velpatasvir and Epclusa are **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria*

*For members in **Nevada**, medical management techniques, including quantity management, beyond step therapy is not allowed.

A. Hepatitis C Infection (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of HCV infection as evidenced by detectable serum HCV RNA levels by quantitative assay in the last 6 months;
- 2. Prescribed* by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist, hepatologist, infectious disease specialist, or provider who has expertise in treating HCV based on a certified training program (*see Appendix F*);
 - *This prescriber requirement does not apply to HIM Georgia
- 3. Age \geq 3 years;
- 4. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Member is treatment-naïve and does not have cirrhosis (i.e., eligible for simplified treatment regimen);
 - b. Confirmed HCV genotype is 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6;*

^{*}These criteria do NOT apply to California Commercial Exchange Plans.

^{*}Chart note documentation and copies of lab results are required



- 5. For genotype 3: One of the following (a or b):
 - a. Laboratory testing for the presence or absence of NS5A resistance-associated substitution (RAS) Y93H for velpatasvir if member meets one of the following scenarios (i or ii):
 - i. Member is treatment-naïve and has cirrhosis;
 - ii. Member has had previous HCV treatment and has no cirrhosis;
 - b. Member does not meet one of the above scenarios in 5a;
- 6. Member must use **sofosbuvir-velpatasvir** (Epclusa authorized generic), unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 7. Documentation of the treatment status of the member (treatment-naive or treatment-experienced);
- 8. Documentation of cirrhosis status of the member (no cirrhosis, compensated cirrhosis, or decompensated cirrhosis);
- 9. Life expectancy \geq 12 months with HCV treatment;
- 10. Prescribed regimen is consistent with an FDA or AASLD-IDSA recommended regimen (see Section V Dosage and Administration for reference);
- 11. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a, b, or c):
 - a. Adult and pediatric members with body weight \geq 30 kg: sofosbuvir/velpatasvir 400 mg/100 mg (1 tablet) per day;
 - b. Pediatric members 3 years of age and older with body weight < 17 kg: sofosbuvir/velpatasvir 150 mg/37.5 mg per day;
 - c. Pediatric members 3 years of age and older with body weight 17 kg to < 30 kg: sofosbuvir/velpatasvir 200 mg/50 mg per day.

Approval duration: up to a total of 24 weeks*

(*Approved duration should be consistent with a regimen in Section V Dosage and Administration)

B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet all):

- 1. Member must use **sofosbuvir-velpatasvir** (Epclusa authorized generic), unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 2. One of the following (a or b):
 - a. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (i or ii):
 - i. For drugs on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the no coverage criteria policy for the relevant line of business: HIM.PA.33 for health insurance marketplace; or
 - ii. For drugs NOT on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the non-formulary policy for the relevant line of business: HIM.PA.103 for health insurance marketplace; or
 - b. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 2a above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business: HIM.PA.154 for health insurance marketplace.



II. Continued Therapy*

*For members in **Nevada**, medical management techniques, including quantity management, beyond step therapy is not allowed.

A. Hepatitis C Infection (must meet all):

- 1. Member meets one of the following (a, b, or c):
 - a. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
 - b. Member is currently receiving medication and is enrolled in a state and product with continuity of care regulations (refer to state specific addendums for CC.PHARM.03A and CC.PHARM.03B);
 - c. Documentation supports that member is currently receiving Epclusa for HCV infection and has recently completed at least 28 days of treatment with Epclusa;
- 2. Member is responding positively to therapy;
- 3. Prescribed regimen is consistent with an FDA or AASLD-IDSA recommended regimen (see Section V Dosage and Administration for reference);
- 4. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a, b, or c):
 - a. Adult and pediatric members with body weight \geq 30 kg: sofosbuvir/velpatasvir 400 mg/100 mg (1 tablet) per day;
 - b. Pediatric members 3 years of age and older and body weight < 17 kg: sofosbuvir/velpatasvir 150 mg/37.5 mg per day;
 - c. Pediatric members 3 years of age and older and body weight 17 kg to < 30 kg: sofosbuvir/velpatasvir 200 mg/50 mg per day.

Approval duration: up to a total of 24 weeks*

(*Approved duration should be consistent with a regimen in Section V Dosage and Administration)

B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet all):

- 1. Member must use sofosbuvir-velpatasvir (Epclusa **authorized generic**), unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 2. One of the following (a or b):
 - a. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (i or ii):
 - i. For drugs on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the no coverage criteria policy for the relevant line of business: HIM.PA.33 for health insurance marketplace; or
 - ii. For drugs NOT on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the non-formulary policy for the relevant line of business: HIM.PA.103 for health insurance marketplace; or
 - b. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 2a above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business: HIM.PA.154 for health insurance marketplace.



III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policy – HIM.PA.154 or evidence of coverage documents.

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key

AASLD: American Association for the Study of Liver Diseases

DAA: direct-acting antiviral

FDA: Food and Drug Administration

HBV: hepatitis B virus HCV: hepatitis C virus

HIV: human immunodeficiency virus IDSA: Infectious Diseases Society of

America

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

Not applicable

NS3/4A, NS5A/B: nonstructural protein

PegIFN: pegylated interferon

RBV: ribavirin

RAS: resistance-associated substitution

RNA: ribonucleic acid

SVR12: sustained virologic response at 12

weeks

Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s): Epclusa and RBV combination regimen is contraindicated in patients for whom RBV is contraindicated. Refer to the RBV prescribing information for a list of contraindications for RBV.
- Boxed warning(s): risk of hepatitis B virus (HBV) reactivation in patients coinfected with HCV and HBV

Appendix D: Direct-Acting Antivirals for Treatment of HCV Infection

Brand Name	Drug Class				
	NS5A Inhibitor	Nucleotide Analog NS5B Polymerase Inhibitor	Non- Nucleoside NS5B Palm Polymerase Inhibitor	NS3/4A Protease Inhibitor (PI)	CYP3A Inhibitor
Epclusa*	Velpatasvir	Sofosbuvir			
Harvoni*	Ledipasvir	Sofosbuvir			
Mavyret*	Pibrentasvir			Glecaprevir	
Sovaldi		Sofosbuvir			
Vosevi*	Velpatasvir	Sofosbuvir	-	Voxilaprevir	
Zepatier*	Elbasvir			Grazoprevir	

^{*}Combination drugs

Appendix E: General Information

• HBV reactivation is a Black Box Warning for all direct-acting antiviral drugs for the treatment of HCV. HBV reactivation has been reported when treating HCV for patients co-infected with HBV, leading to fulminant hepatitis, hepatic failure, and death, in some



cases. Patients should be monitored for HBV reactivation and hepatitis flare during HCV treatment and post-treatment follow-up, with treatment of HBV infection as clinically indicated.

Child-Pugh Score

	1 Point	2 Points	3 Points
Bilirubin	Less than 2 mg/dL	2-3 mg/dL	Over 3 mg/dL
	Less than 34 umol/L	34-50 umol/L	Over 50 umol/L
Albumin	Over 3.5 g/dL	2.8-3.5 g/dL	Less than 2.8 g/dL
	Over 35 g/L	28-35 g/L	Less than 28 g/L
INR	Less than 1.7	1.7 - 2.2	Over 2.2
Ascites	None	Mild / medically	Moderate-severe /
		controlled	poorly controlled
Encephalopathy	None	Mild / medically	Moderate-severe /
		controlled	poorly controlled.
		Grade I-II	Grade III-IV

Child-Pugh class is determined by the total number of points: A = 5-6 points; B = 7-9 points; C = 10-15 points

• AASLD-IDSA simplified treatment recommendations: In their October 2022 HCV guidance, AASLD-IDSA treatment recommendations to recommend two simplified regimens for adults with hepatitis C (any genotype) who do not have cirrhosis and have not previously received hepatitis C treatment: either Mavyret x8 weeks or Epclusa x12 weeks. With the advent of pangenotypic HCV treatment regimens, HCV genotyping is no longer required prior to treatment initiation for all individuals. In those with evidence of cirrhosis and/or past unsuccessful HCV treatment, treatment regimens may differ by genotype and thus pretreatment genotyping is recommended. For noncirrhotic treatmentnaive patients, although genotyping may impact the preferred treatment approach, it is not required if a pangenotypic regimen is used.

Appendix F: Healthcare Provider HCV Training

Acceptable HCV training programs and/or online courses include, but are not limited to the following:

- Hepatitis C online course (https://www.hepatitisc.uw.edu/): University of Washington is
 funded by the Division of Viral Hepatitis to develop a comprehensive, online self-study
 course for medical providers on diagnosis, monitoring, and management of hepatitis C
 virus infection. Free CME and CNE credit available.
- Fundamentals of Liver Disease (https://liverlearning.aasld.org/fundamentals-of-liver-disease): The AASLD, in collaboration with ECHO, the American College of Physicians (ACP), CDC, and the Department of Veterans Affairs, has developed Fundamentals of Liver Disease, a free, online CME course to improve providers' knowledge and clinical skills in hepatology.
- Clinical Care Options: http://www.clinicaloptions.com/hepatitis.aspx

Appendix G: Incomplete Adherence and AASLD-IDSA Recommended Management of Treatment Interruptions

• There are minimal data regarding the outcome of patients who have incomplete adherence to direct-acting antiviral (DAA) therapy or the threshold level of adherence



below which the incidence of sustained virologic response at 12 weeks (SVR12) is significantly reduced. In general, a treatment interruption of < 7 days is unlikely to impact SVR12.

- There are few data on which to base recommendations regarding how to manage patients who have discontinued DAAs for several days to weeks. The below recommendations are applicable to treatment-naive patients with HCV, without cirrhosis or with compensated cirrhosis, and receiving either Mavyret or Epclusa. Patients with prior DAA treatment, or receiving other DAA treatment regimens, or other populations (e.g., patients who are posttransplant or have decompensated cirrhosis) should be managed in consultation with an expert.
 - o Interruptions during the first 28 days of DAA therapy:
 - If missed ≤ 7 days, restart DAA therapy immediately and complete therapy for originally planned duration (8 or 12 weeks).
 - If missed ≥ 8 days, restart DAA therapy immediately and obtain HCV RNA test as soon as possible. If HCV RNA is negative, complete originally planned DAA treatment course (8 or 12 weeks). Recommendation to extend DAA treatment for an additional 4 weeks for patients with genotype 3 and/or cirrhosis. If HCV RNA is positive or not obtained, extend DAA treatment for an additional 4 weeks.
 - o Interruptions after receiving ≥ 28 days of DAA therapy:
 - If missed ≤ 7 days, restart DAA therapy immediately and complete therapy for originally planned duration (8 or 12 weeks).
 - If missed 8-20 consecutive days, restart DAA therapy immediately and obtain HCV RNA test as soon as possible. If HCV RNA is negative, complete originally planned DAA treatment course (8 or 12 weeks). Recommendation to extend DAA treatment for an additional 4 weeks for patients with genotype 3 and/or cirrhosis. If HCV RNA is positive or not obtained, stop treatment, and retreat according to the recommendations in the AASLD-IDSA Retreatment Section.
 - If missed ≥ 21 consecutive days, stop DAA treatment and assess for SVR12. If SVR12 not achieved, retreat according to the recommendations in the AASLD-IDSA Retreatment Section.

V. Dosage and Administration

Indication: HCV	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose	Reference
Genotype 1-6:	One tablet PO QD for	Adult/Peds ≥ 30	FDA-approved
Without cirrhosis or with	12 weeks	kg: sofosbuvir 400	labeling
compensated cirrhosis,		mg /velpatasvir	
treatment-naïve or		100 mg (one	
treatment-experienced*		tablet) per day;	
patient			
Genotype 1-6:	One tablet PO QD with	Peds 17 to < 30	
With decompensated	weight-based RBV for	kg: sofosbuvir 200	
cirrhosis treatment-naïve	12 weeks	mg /velpatasvir 50	
or treatment-		mg per day;	
experienced* patient	(RBV-ineligible		
	patients may use: one		



Indication: HCV	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose	Reference
	tablet PO QD for 24 weeks) [†]	Peds < 17 kg: sofosbuvir 150 mg	
Genotype 1-6: Treatment-naïve and	One tablet PO QD for 12 weeks	/velpatasvir 37.5 mg per day	
treatment-experienced	12 WCCKS	ing per day	
patients, post-liver			
transplant with compensated cirrhosis or			
without cirrhosis			
Genotype 1-6:	One tablet PO QD with	One tablet	AASLD-IDSA
With decompensated cirrhosis in whom prior	weight-based RBV for 24 weeks [‡]	(sofosbuvir 400mg /velpatasvir 100	(updated December
sofosbuvir- or NS5A	21 WCCKS	mg) per day	2023)
inhibitor-based treatment		J, 1	,
experienced failed			
Genotype 1-6:	One tablet PO QD with		
Treatment-naïve and	RBV (starting at 600		
treatment-experienced	mg and increased as		
patients, post-liver	tolerated) for 12 weeks		
transplant with	(treatment naïve) or 24		
decompensated cirrhosis	weeks (treatment experienced) [‡]		
Genotype 3 with NS5A	One tablet PO QD with		
Y93H polymorphism:	weight-based RBV for		
Treatment-naïve with	12 weeks [‡]		
compensated cirrhosis or			
treatment-experienced*			
without cirrhosis patient			

AASLD/IDSA treatment guidelines for hepatitis C infection are updated at irregular intervals; refer to the most updated AASLD/IDSA guideline for most accurate treatment regimen.

VI. Product Availability

- Tablets: sofosbuvir 400 mg with velpatasvir 100 mg, sofosbuvir 200 mg with velpatasvir 50 mg
- Oral pellets: sofosbuvir 200 mg with velpatasvir 50 mg, sofosbuvir 150 mg with velpatasvir 37.5 mg

VII. References

1. Epclusa Prescribing Information. Foster City, CA: Gilead Sciences, Inc.; April 2022. Available athttps://hcp.epclusa.com/. Accessed April 14, 2025.

^{*}From clinical trials, treatment-experienced refers to previous treatment with NS3/4A protease inhibitor (telaprevir, boceprevir, or simeprevir) and/or peginterferon/RBV unless otherwise stated † Off-label, AASLD-IDSA guideline-supported dosing regimen



- 2. American Association for the Study of Liver Diseases/ Infectious Disease Society of America (AASLD-IDSA). HCV guidance: recommendations for testing, managing, and treating hepatitis C. Last updated December 19, 2023. Available at: https://www.hcvguidelines.org/. Accessed May 30, 2025.
- 3. CDC. Clinical Overview of Hepatitis C. Last updated January 31, 2025. Available at: https://www.cdc.gov/hepatitis-c/hcp/clinical-overview/. Accessed May 30, 2025.

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval
3Q 2021 annual review: revised medical justification language for not using brand version of Eplcusa to "must use" language; references for HIM line of business off-label use revised from HIM.PHAR.21 to HIM.PA.154; updated Section V table with AASLD recommended regimens; RT4: updated criteria for Epclusa pediatric age expansion to 3 years and older along with pediatric dosing and new oral pellet dosage formulation; references reviewed and updated.	07.12.21	Date 08.21
3Q 2022 annual review: no significant changes; references reviewed and updated.	05.05.22	08.22
Added criterion for NS5A RAS test for specific genotype 3 scenarios per AASLD recommendation. Template changes applied to other diagnoses/indications and continued therapy section.	08.30.22	
Per SDC, revised redirection for Florida only to require use of Epclusa authorized generic; all other requests continue to require use of brand Epclusa.	01.12.23	
3Q 2023 annual review: added a bypass for HCV genotype documentation if member is treatment-naïve and does not have cirrhosis (i.e., eligible for AASLD-IDSA simplified treatment regimen), also added accompanying rationale in Appendix E; eliminated adherence program participation criterion since member is already being managed by an HCV-trained specialist and due to competitor analysis; corrected genotype 3 lab test scenario from "and" to "or"; references reviewed and updated.	04.17.23	08.23
Per April SDC, applied Epclusa authorized generic redirection to all requests.	09.21.23	12.23
Added disclaimer that medical management techniques, including quantity management, beyond step therapy are not allowed for members in NV per SB 439.	05.31.24	
3Q 2024 annual review: revised policy/criteria section to also include generic sofosbuvir/velpatasvir; removed qualifier of "chronic" from HCV criteria as AASLD-IDSA recommends treatment of both acute and chronic HCV; added prescriber exception for HIM Georgia per plan request; added Appendix G for guidance on incomplete adherence and AASLD-IDSA recommended management of treatment interruptions; references reviewed and updated.	05.20.24	08.24
Corrected initial approval criterion 5b to reference criterion 5a.	10.16.24	



Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
3Q 2025 annual review: for continued therapy criteria, added "Prescribed regimen is consistent with an FDA or AASLD-IDSA recommended regimen"; references reviewed and updated.	07.15.25	08.25
For continued therapy criteria, revised option for treatment duration minimum from 60 days to 28 days.		

Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. "Health Plan" means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan's affiliates, as applicable.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions, and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment, or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.



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